Class IV.

Class V.

Unclassified detonable.

OXIDIZER.

Class 4.

Class 3.

Class 2.

Class 1.

OXIDIZING GAS.

PHYSICAL HAZARD.

PYROPHORIC.

PYROTECHNIC COMPOSITION.

TOXIC.

UNSTABLE (REACTIVE) MATERIAL.

Class 4.

Class 3.

Class 2.

Class 1.

WATER-REACTIVE MATERIAL.

Class 3.

Class 2.

Class 1.

**[F] 307.3 High-hazard Group H-1.** Buildings and structures containing materials that pose a detonation hazard shall be classified as Group H-1. Such materials shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

Detonable pyrophoric materials

Explosives:

Division 1.1

Division 1.2

Division 1.3

## 

		GROUP	STORAGE <sup>b</sup>			USE-CLOSED SYSTEMS <sup>b</sup>			USE-OPEN SYSTEMS <sup>b</sup>	
MATERIAL	CLASS	WHEN THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE QUANTITY IS EXCEEDED	Solid pounds (cubic feet)	Liquid gallons (pounds)	Gas (cubic feet at NTP)	Solid pounds (cubic feet)	Liquid gallons (pounds)	Gas (cubic feet at NTP)	Solid pounds (cubic feet)	Liquid gallons (pounds)
Combustible dust	N/A	H-2	Note q	N/A	N/A	Note q	N/A	N/A	Note q	N/A
Combustible liquid <sup>c, i</sup>	II IIIA IIIB	H-2 or H-3 H-2 or H-3 N/A	N/A	120 <sup>d, e</sup> 330 <sup>d, e</sup> 13,200 <sup>e, f</sup>	N/A	N/A	120 <sup>d</sup> 330 <sup>d</sup> 13,200 <sup>f</sup>	N/A	N/A	30 <sup>d</sup> 80 <sup>d</sup> 3,300 <sup>f</sup>
Combustible fiber	Loose Baled <sup>o</sup>	H-3	(100) (1,000)	N/A	N/A	(100) (1,000)	N/A	N/A	(20) (200)	N/A
Consumer fireworks	1.4G	H-3	125 <sup>d, e, 1</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cryogenics, flammable	N/A	H-2	N/A	45 <sup>d</sup>	N/A	N/A	45 <sup>d</sup>	N/A	N/A	10 <sup>d</sup>
Cryogenics, inert	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NL	N/A	N/A	NL	N/A	N/A
Cryogenics, oxidizing	N/A	Н-3	N/A	45 <sup>d</sup>	N/A	N/A	45 <sup>d</sup>	N/A	N/A	10 <sup>d</sup>
Explosives	Division 1.1 Division 1.2 Division 1.3	H-1 H-1 H-1 or H-2	1 <sup>e, g</sup> 1 <sup>e, g</sup> 5 <sup>e, g</sup>	(1) <sup>e, g</sup> (1) <sup>e, g</sup> (5) <sup>e, g</sup>	N/A N/A N/A	0.25 <sup>g</sup> 0.25 <sup>g</sup> 1 <sup>g</sup>	$(0.25)^g$ $(0.25)^g$	N/A N/A	$0.25^{g}$ $0.25^{g}$ $1^{g}$	$(0.25)^g$ $(0.25)^g$
	Division 1.4 Division 1.4G Division 1.5	H-3 H-3 H-1	50 <sup>e, g</sup> 125 <sup>d, e, 1</sup> 1 <sup>e, g</sup>	(50) <sup>e, g</sup> N/A (1) <sup>e, g</sup>	N/A N/A N/A N/A	50 <sup>g</sup> N/A 0.25 <sup>g</sup>	(1) <sup>g</sup> (50) <sup>g</sup> N/A (0.25) <sup>g</sup>	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A 0.25 <sup>g</sup>	(1) <sup>g</sup> N/A N/A (0.25) <sup>g</sup>
	Division 1.6	H-1	1 <sup>d, e, g</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Flammable gas	Gaseous Liquefied	H-2	N/A	N/A (150) <sup>d,e</sup>	1,000 <sup>d,e</sup> N/A	N/A	N/A (150) <sup>d,e</sup>	1,000 <sup>d,e</sup> N/A	N/A	N/A
Hammable liquid		H-2 or H-3	N/A	30 <sup>d, e</sup> 120 <sup>d, e</sup>	N/A	N/A	30 <sup>d</sup> 120 <sup>d</sup>	N/A	N/A	10 <sup>d</sup> 30 <sup>d</sup>
Flammable liquid, combination (1A, 1B, 1C)	N/A	H-2 or H-3	N/A	120 <sup>d, e, h</sup>	N/A	N/A	120 <sup>d, h</sup>	N/A	N/A	30 <sup>d, h</sup>

(continued)

## [F] TABLE 307.1(1)—(continued) MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE QUANTITY PER CONTROL AREA OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS POSING A PHYSICAL HAZARDOUS PARAMOUS PARAMOUS

	CLASS	GROUP	STORAGE			USE-CLOSED SYSTEMS <sup>b</sup>			USE-OPEN SYSTEMS <sup>b</sup>	
MATERIAL		WHEN THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE QUANTITY IS EXCEEDED	Solid pounds (cubic feet)	Liquid gallons (pounds)	Gas (cubic feet at NTP)	Solid pounds (cubic feet)	Liquid gallons (pounds)	Gas (cubic feet at NTP)	Solid pounds (cubic feet)	Liquid gallons (pounds)
Flammable solid	N/A	H-3	125 <sup>d, e</sup>	N/A	N/A	125 <sup>d</sup>	N/A	N/A	25 <sup>d</sup>	N/A
Inert gas	Gaseous Liquefied	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	NL NL	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	NL NL	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
	UD I	H-1 H-2	1 <sup>e, g</sup> 5 <sup>d, e</sup>	(1) <sup>e, g</sup> (5) <sup>d, e</sup>	N/A N/A	0.25 <sup>g</sup>	(0.25) <sup>g</sup> (1) <sup>d</sup>	N/A N/A	0.25 <sup>g</sup>	(0.25) <sup>g</sup> (1) <sup>d</sup>
Organic peroxide	II III IV	H-3 H-3 N/A	50 <sup>d, e</sup> 125 <sup>d, e</sup> NL	(50) <sup>d, e</sup> (125) <sup>d, e</sup> NL	N/A N/A N/A	50 <sup>d</sup> 125 <sup>d</sup> NL	(50) <sup>d</sup> (125) <sup>d</sup> NL	N/A N/A N/A	10 <sup>d</sup> 25 <sup>d</sup> NL	(10) <sup>d</sup> (25) <sup>d</sup> NL
	v	N/A	NL	NL	N/A	NL	NL	N/A	NL	NL
Oxidizer	4 3 <sup>k</sup> 2 1	H-1 H-2 or H-3 H-3 N/A	1 <sup>e, g</sup> 10 <sup>d, e</sup> 250 <sup>d, e</sup> 4,000 <sup>e, f</sup>	(1) <sup>e, g</sup> (10) <sup>d, e</sup> (250) <sup>d, e</sup> (4,000) <sup>e, f</sup>	N/A N/A N/A N/A	0.25 <sup>g</sup> 2 <sup>d</sup> 250 <sup>d</sup> 4,000 <sup>f</sup>	(0.25) <sup>g</sup> (2) <sup>d</sup> (250) <sup>d</sup> (4,000) <sup>f</sup>	N/A N/A N/A N/A	0.25 <sup>g</sup> 2 <sup>d</sup> 50 <sup>d</sup> 1,000 <sup>f</sup>	(0.25) <sup>g</sup> (2) <sup>d</sup> (50) <sup>d</sup> (1,000) <sup>f</sup>
Oxidizing gas	Gaseous Liquefied	H-3	N/A N/A	N/A (150) <sup>d,e</sup>	1,500 <sup>d,e</sup> N/A	N/A N/A	N/A (150) <sup>d,e</sup>	1,500 <sup>d,e</sup> N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Pyrophoric material	N/A	H-2	4 <sup>e, g</sup>	(4) <sup>e, g</sup>	50 <sup>e, g</sup>	1 <sup>g</sup>	(1) <sup>g</sup>	10 <sup>g</sup>	0	0
Unstable (reactive)	4 3 2 1	H-1 H-1 or H-2 H-3 N/A	1 <sup>e, g</sup> 5 <sup>d, e</sup> 50 <sup>d, e</sup> NL	(1) <sup>e, g</sup> (5) <sup>d, e</sup> (50) <sup>d, e</sup> NL	10 <sup>g</sup> 50 <sup>d, e</sup> 250 <sup>d, e</sup> NL	0.25 <sup>g</sup> 1 <sup>d</sup> 50 <sup>d</sup> NL	(0.25) <sup>g</sup> (1) <sup>d</sup> (50) <sup>d</sup> NL	2 <sup>e, g</sup> 10 <sup>d, e</sup> 250 <sup>d, e</sup> NL	0.25 <sup>g</sup> 1 <sup>d</sup> 10 <sup>d</sup> NL	(0.25) <sup>g</sup> (1) <sup>d</sup> (10) <sup>d</sup> NL
Water reactive	3 2 1	H-2 H-3 N/A	5 <sup>d, e</sup> 50 <sup>d, e</sup> NL	(5) <sup>d, e</sup> (50) <sup>d, e</sup> NL	N/A N/A N/A	5 <sup>d</sup> 50 <sup>d</sup> NL	(5) <sup>d</sup> (50) <sup>d</sup> NL	N/A N/A N/A	1 <sup>d</sup> 10 <sup>d</sup> NL	(1) <sup>d</sup> (10) <sup>d</sup> NL

For SI: 1 cubic foot = 0.028 m<sup>3</sup>, 1 pound = 0.454 kg, 1 gallon = 3.785 L.

NL = Not Limited; N/A = Not Applicable; UD = Unclassified Detonable

- a. For use of control areas, see Section 414.2.
- b. The aggregate quantity in use and storage shall not exceed the quantity listed for storage.
- c. The quantities of alcoholic beverages in retail and wholesale sales occupancies shall not be limited provided the liquids are packaged in individual containers not exceeding 1.3 gallons. In retail and wholesale sales occupancies, the quantities of medicines, foodstuffs, consumer or industrial products, and cosmetics containing not more than 50 percent by volume of water-miscible liquids with the remainder of the solutions not being flammable, shall not be limited, provided that such materials are packaged in individual containers not exceeding 1.3 gallons.
- d. [SFM] In other than Group L occupancies, maximum allowable quantities shall be increased 100 percent in buildings equipped throughout with an automatic sprinkler system in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1. Where Note e also applies, the increase for both notes shall be applied accumulatively.
- e. [SFM] In other than Group L occupancies, maximum allowable quantities shall be increased 100 percent when stored in approved storage cabinets, day boxes, gas cabinets or exhausted enclosures or in listed safety cans in accordance with Section 5003.9.10 of the California Fire Code. Where Note d also applies, the increase for both notes shall be applied accumulatively.
- f. The permitted quantities shall not be limited in a building equipped throughout with an automatic sprinkler system in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1.
- $g.\ Permitted\ only\ in\ buildings\ equipped\ throughout\ with\ an\ automatic\ sprinkler\ system\ in\ accordance\ with\ Section\ 903.3.1.1.$
- h. Containing not more than the maximum allowable quantity per control area of Class IA, IB or IC flammable liquids.
- i. The maximum allowable quantity shall not apply to fuel oil storage complying with Section 603.3.2 of the California Fire Code.
- j. Quantities in parenthesis indicate quantity units in parenthesis at the head of each column.
- k. A maximum quantity of 200 pounds of solid or 20 gallons of liquid Class 3 oxidizers is allowed when such materials are necessary for maintenance purposes, operation or sanitation of equipment. Storage containers and the manner of storage shall be approved.
- Net weight of the pyrotechnic composition of the fireworks. Where the net weight of the pyrotechnic composition of the fireworks is not known, 25 percent of the gross weight of the fireworks, including packaging, shall be used.
- m. For gallons of liquids, divide the amount in pounds by 10 in accordance with Section 5003.1.2 of the California Fire Code.
- n. For storage and display quantities in Group M and storage quantities in Group S occupancies complying with Section 414.2.5, see Tables 414.2.5(1) and 414.2.5(2).
- o. Densely packed baled cotton that complies with the packing requirements of ISO 8115 shall not be included in this material class.
- p. The following shall not be included in determining the maximum allowable quantities:
  - 1. Liquid or gaseous fuel in fuel tanks on vehicles.
  - 2. Liquid or gaseous fuel in fuel tanks on motorized equipment operated in accordance with this code.
  - 3. Gaseous fuels in piping systems and fixed appliances regulated by the California Fuel Gas Code.
  - 4. Liquid fuels in piping systems and fixed appliances regulated by the California Mechanical Code.
- q. Where manufactured, generated or used in such a manner that the concentration and conditions create a fire or explosion hazard based on information prepared in accordance with Section 414.1.3.

[F] TABLE 307.1(2)
MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE QUANTITY PER CONTROL AREA OF HAZARDOUS MATERIAL POSING A HEALTH HAZARD <sup>a, b, c, l</sup>

MATERIAL		STORAGE <sup>d</sup>		USE	-CLOSED SYSTE	USE-OPEN SYSTEMS		
	Solid pounds (cubic feet)	Liquid gallons (pounds) <sup>e, f</sup>	Gas (cubic feet at NTP) <sup>e</sup>	Solid poundse	Liquid gallons (pounds)°	Gas (cubic feet at NTP)°	Solid pounds	Liquid gallons (pounds) <sup>e</sup>
Corrosive	5,000	500	Gaseous 810 <sup>f</sup> Liquefied (150) <sup>h</sup>	5,000	500	Gaseous 810 <sup>f</sup> Liquefied (150) <sup>h</sup>	1,000	100
Highly toxic	10	(10) <sup>h</sup>	Gaseous 20 <sup>g</sup> Liquefied (4) <sup>g,h</sup>	10	(10) <sup>i</sup>	Gaseous 20 <sup>g</sup> Liquefied (4) <sup>g,h</sup>	3	(3) <sup>i</sup>
Toxic	500	(500) <sup>h</sup>	Gaseous 810 <sup>f</sup> Liquefied (150) <sup>f,h</sup>	500	(500) <sup>i</sup>	Gaseous 810 <sup>f</sup> Liquefied (150) <sup>f,h</sup>	125	(125)

For SI: 1 cubic foot =  $0.028 \text{ m}^3$ , 1 pound = 0.454 kg, 1 gallon = 3.785 L.

- a. For use of control areas, see Section 414.2.
- b. In retail and wholesale sales occupancies, the quantities of medicines, foodstuffs, consumer or industrial products, and cosmetics, containing not more than 50 percent by volume of water-miscible liquids and with the remainder of the solutions not being flammable, shall not be limited, provided that such materials are packaged in individual containers not exceeding 1.3 gallons.
- c. For storage and display quantities in Group M and storage quantities in Group S occupancies complying with Section 414.2.5, see Tables 414.2.5(1) and 414.2.5(2).
- d. The aggregate quantity in use and storage shall not exceed the quantity listed for storage.
- e. Maximum allowable quantities shall be increased 100 percent in buildings equipped throughout with an approved automatic sprinkler system in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1. Where Note f also applies, the increase for both notes shall be applied accumulatively.
- f. Maximum allowable quantities shall be increased 100 percent when stored in approved storage cabinets, gas cabinets or exhausted enclosures as specified in the California Fire Code. Where Note e also applies, the increase for both notes shall be applied accumulatively.
- g. Allowed only when stored in approved exhausted gas cabinets or exhausted enclosures as specified in the California Fire Code.
- h. Quantities in parenthesis indicate quantity units in parenthesis at the head of each column.
- i. For gallons of liquids, divide the amount in pounds by 10 in accordance with Section 5003.1.2 of the California Fire Code.

Division 1.4

Division 1.5

Division 1.6

Organic peroxides, unclassified detonable

Oxidizers, Class 4

Unstable (reactive) materials, Class 3 detonable and Class 4

[F] 307.3.1 Occupancies containing explosives not classified as H-1. The following occupancies containing explosive materials shall be classified as follows:

- Division 1.3 explosive materials that are used and maintained in a form where either confinement or configuration will not elevate the hazard from a mass fire to mass explosion hazard shall be allowed in H-2 occupancies.
- 2. Articles, including articles packaged for shipment, that are not regulated as a Division 1.4 explosive under Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Exoplosives regulations, or unpackaged articles used in process operations that do not propagate a detonation or deflagration between articles shall be allowed in H-3 occupancies.

[F] 307.4 High-hazard Group H-2. Buildings and structures containing materials that pose a deflagration hazard or a hazard from accelerated burning shall be classified as Group H-2. Such materials shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

Class I, II or IIIA flammable or combustible liquids which are used or stored in normally open containers or systems, or in closed containers or systems pressurized at more than 15 psi (103.4 kPa) gage

Combustible dusts where manufactured, generated or used in such a manner that the concentration and conditions create a fire or explosion hazard based on information prepared in accordance with Section 414.1.3

Cryogenic fluids, flammable

Flammable gases

Organic peroxides, Class I

Oxidizers, Class 3, that are used or stored in normally open containers or systems, or in closed containers or systems pressurized at more than 15 psi (103 kPa) gage Pyrophoric liquids, solids and gases, nondetonable

Unstable (reactive) materials, Class 3, nondetonable Water-reactive materials, Class 3

[F] 307.5 High-hazard Group H-3. Buildings and structures containing materials that readily support combustion or that pose a physical hazard shall be classified as Group H-3. Such materials shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

Class I, II or IIIA flammable or combustible liquids that are used or stored in normally closed containers or systems pressurized at 15 pounds per square inch gauge (103.4 kPa) or less

Combustible fibers, other than densely packed baled cotton

Consumer fireworks, 1.4G (Class C, Common)

Cryogenic fluids, oxidizing

Flammable solids

Organic peroxides, Class II and III

Oxidizers, Class 2